

CEDARS MANY CENTURIES OLD

That Much Sure, but It Is Impossible to Tell Age of Lebanon's Famous Trees.

The age of the famous cedars of Lebanon has long been in dispute. Local tradition says they were planted by God at the creation of the world and that they will endure until the last day.

That there was a great grove of cedars on Lebanon in the days of King Solomon there can be no doubt, as it was from them that he obtained the wood for building the temple. Whether any of those now standing were there in Solomon's time is a matter of speculation.

At the present day the grove contains 380 trees, of which only 15 are of large size. It is in the center of a great basin in the mountains, 6,000 feet above the sea. A Maronite chapel is on a mound in the shade of the trees, and here mass is said and on the feast of the transfiguration a great festival takes place.

Several efforts to calculate the age of the cedars now standing have been made by counting the rings in the heart wood of those that have fallen.

These estimates, according to Prof. A. Henry of the Royal College of Sciences for Ireland, in an article in Country Life, vary from 2,230 years to 2,500 years, although it may be that they are of slower growth than the specimens tested in other countries.

The largest of the cedars is 13 feet in diameter.

TOTEM POLES TELL HISTORY

Have Peculiar Significance Among the Up-Coast Indian Tribes of British Columbia.

Totem poles of the up-coast Indian tribes of British Columbia tell the history of that race. The poles are of ethnologic and folklore significance, have legendary symbolism, and carry details of the tribe, clan, family and individual. Their painted grotesques of birds, beasts, fish and men are done in blue, red and white upon a black background.

The right to use the totemic crest always descends through the woman. A tribesman uses the tribal crest of his clan group in addition to those of one or more guardian spirits he may have acquired. If he is easy in making friendships with birds, beasts and fishes he may have a Noah's ark of them on his pole. The crests are also carved on canoe prows, painted on house fronts and woven into baskets and blankets of goat hair or cedar bark.

A man gets his reputation and standing in the community, among the up-coast tribes, not by what he owns, but by what he gives away. If he wants to be regarded as a "hiyu tree," or person of special consequence, he aims to do it by giving away more blankets than anybody else on the coast.

Ancient Grape Sirup.

That the making of grape sirup is not a new thing is shown by the writings of ancient historians. Galen, the Greek physician and writer, who lived in the second century after Christ, says that a "good many Asiatic wines were stored in bottles which were hung in the corner of fireplaces, where, by evaporation, they became dry. This process was called fumarium." The Greeks had two kinds of wine, "protophon," or first juice of the grape before pressing, and "deuterion," or pressed juice. The Romans called them "vinum primum" and "vinum secundarium." The juice before fermentation had started was called "mustum." After this must, or juice, had been through a heating process, it was known as "frutum," and when, after long heating, it was reduced to one-half or one-third its original volume it was called "sapa." This was equivalent to grape sirup and was used by the Romans on their bread.

Perfect Human Figures.

There is much difference of opinion on the subject of perfect human measurements, but according to Professor Sargeant, one of the best known authorities on the health of the American woman, the following measurements constitute the perfect figure: Height, 63.6 inches; breadth of neck, 3.8 inches; girth of neck, 12.1 inches; breadth of shoulders, 14 inches; breadth of waist, 8.6 inches; girth of waist, 24.6 inches; breadth of hips, 12.1 inches; girth of hips, 35.4 inches; girth of calf, 13.3 inches; girth of upper arm, 10.1 inches; girth of thigh, 21.4 inches, and of forearm, 9.2 inches. Many other authorities insist that a woman should measure in height 5 feet five inches, or an inch and one-half taller than Professor Sargeant's perfect woman.

Oldest Work of Fiction.

The oldest work of fiction extant is thought to be "The Tale of Two Brothers," written 3,200 years ago by the Theban scribe Enana, librarian of the palace of King Menephtah, the supposed Pharaoh of the Exodus. The tale, it appears, was written for the entertainment of the crown prince, who subsequently reigned as Set II. His name appears in two places in the manuscript, probably the only surviving autograph signature of an Egyptian king. This piece of antique fiction, written on 19 sheets of papyrus in a bold hieratic hand, was purchased in Italy by Mue. D'Orblney, who sold it in 1857 to the authorities of the British museum, where it is now known as the D'Orblney papyrus.

LEFT RECORD AS INVENTOR

English Marquis, Three Centuries Ago, Had Ideas for Projects at That Time Undreamed of.

One of the most curious books in English literature is that which bears the title, "A Century of Inventions," and whose author is Edward, marquis of Worcester, who died April 3, 1607. The book appears to have been written 12 years before his death, and consists of hundreds of descriptions of projects, none of them, however, so explicitly treated as to enable a modern adventurer to carry them out in practice.

In this book are to be found methods for secret writing, by cipher or links of a peculiar nature; telegraphs or semaphores, explosive projectiles that would sink any ship, ships that would resist any explosive projectiles, floating gardens, a method of fixing shifting sands, a way to make a boat work against wind and tide, and many other curious contrivances.

Nothing came amiss to the mechanical marquis; neither were his projects mere dreams, for he had worked out in his own mind a clear conception of a team engine, and is believed to have made a working model of one. His estate was filled with all sorts of machines for raising water to the top of the great tower by hydraulic power, and during the war he frightened away a troop of Roundheads by a display of these unknown powers.

The marquis impoverished himself by his adherence to the cause of Charles I., and when Charles II. came in the throne he was neither recommended for his losses nor rewarded for his fidelity. Kings' memories are often very short.

MATING ARRANGED BY ELDERS

Young People of Java Have Little Say in Selection of Husband or Wife.

Marriages in Java are typical of people in all tropical climates, in that the couples wed when they are very young. When a girl reaches her eleventh or twelfth year, her parents begin to look out for a suitable husband, and after the selection has been made they start long preliminary discussions with the parents of the boy. The father of the girl then consults the "wise man" of the village, usually the only literate person in the community, further action being taken solely on his advice.

The wise man takes the first letters of the names of the prospective bride and groom and draws them together in various shapes, then meditating over the combination which is to decide whether the boy and girl are going to be happy in their marriage. If he drawing suggests in the imagination of the wise man a tree with many branches, he warmly recommends the alliance between the boy and girl as the drawing is supposed to promise them prosperity and, above all, a large family.

When the selection is made to the satisfaction of all concerned, the parents begin to discuss the dowry which, in the case of the Javanese, is supplied by the groom, consisting of dresses, food, household goods and other similar articles.—Detroit News.

A Manor House Find.

The story of the find of 1,000 spade guineas in the press of an old Hertfordshire (Eng.) manor house is told in The Bookman's Journal. The house changed owners, and the new proprietor, a few weeks after taking possession, examined the attics systematically. In one of the presses there he found a number of tattered and stained books, among them Doctor Croly's "Salathiel," which he opened in casual curiosity. On a page he came across a penciled note, indicating where valuables had been hidden in the house during the crisis of the '45 rebellion. Forthwith he had the flooring of a cupboard taken up, and there in a cavity lay some thousand spade guineas, a quantity of rare china and silver, and first editions of Congreve, Wycherley, Dryden and certain of the late Elizabethans—all carefully wrapped in silken dresses of that decade.

Metals That Call for Us.

Of the metals now known, more than 50 in number, Dr. E. E. Slossons notes that not one-half have come into common use. The so-called rare elements are really abundant enough, considering the earth's crust as a whole, though they are so thinly scattered that they are usually overlooked and hard to extract. But whenever one of them proves valuable it is soon found available. A systematic search generally reveals it somewhere in sufficient quantity to be worked. Who, then, it is asked, will be the first to discover a use for indium, germanium, terbium, thulium, lanthanum, neodymium, scandium, samarium and others as much unknown to us of today as tungsten was to our fathers.

Unperturbed.

"Ha," exclaimed the client. "You predicted the world was coming to an end a week ago."
"Did I?" replied the soothsayer, dreamily.
"You certainly did. But we are still here. Nothing has happened. What have you got to say for yourself?"
"Just this," said the soothsayer. "I'm as glad it didn't happen as you are. Mustapha," he continued, nodding languidly to his dark-skinned assistant, "show the gentleman out and admit the next seeker after truth."
—Birmingham Age-Herald.

INCORPORATED 1887.

Mutual Building and Loan Association,

Of North Platte, Nebraska.

RESOURCES OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

The Association has unlimited funds at its command to assist in the building or purchase of homes for the people of North Platte. If you are interested, the officers of this Association will render every assistance and show you how easy it is to acquire your own home.

T. C. PATTERSON, BESSIE F. SALISBURY,
President. Secretary.

Ten Different Winds.

When the wind is blowing at an indicated velocity of 35 miles an hour the force in pounds per square foot would be 4,900. This would be known as a high wind and would travel over a distance of 3,080 feet every minute. A perceptible wind travels one mile an hour; just perceptible, two or three miles an hour; gentle breeze, four or five miles an hour; pleasant breeze, ten to 15 miles an hour; brisk wind, 20 to 25 miles an hour; high wind, 30 to 35 miles an hour; very high wind, 40 to 45 miles an hour; storm at 50 miles an hour; a great storm, 60 to 70 miles an hour; and a hurricane attains a velocity of 80 to 100 miles an hour.

Dangerous Method.

There are many people who borrow money and fail to pay it back. It isn't that they do not want to pay it back, but they simply forget. A man in an office of a large newspaper borrowed a quarter from another man in the same room, and failed to pay it back after a reasonable length of time. But the man who loaned the money wasn't to be done out of the quarter. He walked up to the forgetful borrower and handed him a half dollar. Naturally the borrower said: "What is this for?"
"Oh," answered the money lender, "that will make 75 cents you owe me."
He got his quarter the next day, but suppose the borrower had needed the extra half dollar?

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

McDonald State Bank

of North Platte, Charter No. 647 in the State of Nebraska at the close of business May 15, 1920.

RESOURCES	
Loans and discounts	\$580,627.50
Overdrafts	996.92
Bonds, securities, judgments, claims, etc., including all government bonds	34,296.96
Banking houses, furniture and fixtures	16,414.60
Other real estate	7,509.22
Cash items	22,963.06
Due from national and state banks	135,856.41
Checks and items of exchange	4,942.96
Currency	17,549.00
Gold coin	695.00
Silver, nickels and cents	6,310.21
Liberty loan bonds held as cash reserve	16,000.00
Total	\$887,110.19

LIABILITIES	
Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	20,000.00
Undivided profits, net	12,533.90
Individual deposits	431,923.63
Check subject to demand certificates of deposit	29,585.76
Time certificates of deposit	245,928.85
Certified checks	458.10
Due to National and state banks	41,160.85
Depositors' guaranty fund	749,057.19
Total	\$887,110.19

State of Nebraska, County of Lincoln, ss: I, W. E. STARR, Cashier of the above named bank, do hereby swear that the above statement is a correct and true copy of the report made to the State Banking Board.

W. E. STARR, Cashier.
J. B. McDONALD, Director.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of May, 1920.
H. D. WIESE, Notary Public.

NOW OPEN!

The New Twinem Hospital

For the Treatment of Medical, Surgical and Obstetrical Cases.

719 West Fifth Street.
Phone 110.

ALBERT A. LANE,
Dentist

Rooms 1 and 2 Helton Building
North Platte, Nebraska.

DR. L. J. KRAUSE, DENTIST
McDonald Bank Bldg.
Phone 47.

ORDINANCE NO. 114.

An ordinance defining Venereal Diseases, and declaring same to be a menace and public nuisance; making it unlawful to expose other persons to such diseases; defining "exposure," declaring such diseases to be a menace to public health and safety; providing for co-operation with the Department of Public Welfare of the State of Nebraska for the suppression of Venereal Diseases; creating the mayor, and police officers as health officers, and authorizing them and other public health officers to detain and arrest, and the city attorney to prosecute persons violating provisions of this ordinance; prescribing duties of the city physician and health officers; authorizing any magistrate of the city to hear complaints hereunder and prescribing the method of procedure; providing violation hereof shall be a misdemeanor; prescribing penalties for violation of the provisions of this ordinance; providing conditional free treatment of persons violating this ordinance, and who are unable to pay, and providing for conditional parole and forfeiture thereof.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and the Council of the City of North Platte, Nebraska:

SECTION 1. That syphilis, gonorrhea and chaneroid are each and all hereby declared to be venereal diseases, contagious, infectious, communicable and dangerous to the health of the afflicted, a menace to public health and safety, and said diseases, the spread thereof, and persons infected therewith are declared to be a public nuisance.

SECTION 2. That it shall be unlawful for any persons afflicted with any such disease or diseases, knowingly to expose any other person or persons or the public at large to such infection, directly or indirectly.

SECTION 3. By the term "knowingly to expose any other person or persons to such infection directly or indirectly" as used in Section 2 of this ordinance is meant the doing by any person of anything in this ordinance prohibited or the failure after conviction by any persons to do anything by this ordinance prescribed and the following shall constitute such exposure within this ordinance, to-wit:

A- Indulgence in sexual intercourse by any person while afflicted with such disease or diseases.

B- Failure to destroy by burning any and all dressings, cloths, cotton, tape and all other materials used in treatment and upon or about the body of the person afflicted with such disease or diseases; provided this subdivision shall not apply to physicians or surgeons instruments which shall be sterilized each time after use by being boiled for not less than fifteen minutes.

C- Soliciting any person to have illicit sexual intercourse personally, by procurer, or as procurer (commonly called "pimp").

D- Being a common prostitute.

E- Being an inmate, frequenter or keeper of any ill-governed house, assignation house, or other place where persons indulge in or go for the purpose of unlawful sexual intercourse.

F- Failure to secure competent medical attention at once upon discovery of the existence of such disease or diseases.

G- Failure to continue such medical treatment until cured or discharged or by competent medical advisors advised that such disease or diseases are incurable.

H- Exposing, as defined herein except subdivision "G," any person to such disease or diseases after any person so afflicted has been so pronounced incurable.

I- Failure to exercise reasonable care to prevent the communicating of such disease or diseases to other persons in the use of public toilets, conveniences or other public places, or anything used by the general public, using or handling therein or leaving therein anything which may communicate the germs of such disease or diseases to others using such public conveniences or places.

J- Indulging in lewd or licentious conduct, such as would indicate the intention to have unlawful intercourse coupled with opportunity therefor.

K- Failure to refuse after detention or arrest to submit to such physical

examination or to furnish specimens of blood and with discharge from the body, as may be required by the health officers or city physician.

L- Failure or refusal to accept treatment for such disease or diseases as hereinafter provided and in the manner provided.

M- Resisting an officer in the performance of his duties under this ordinance.

N- Objection to detention or physical examination by proper officers in discharge of their duties under this ordinance.

SECTION 4. This ordinance shall be enforced by the mayor, police officers and health officers of the city of North Platte, Nebraska, and they shall co-operate with the Department of Public Welfare of the State of Nebraska, for the suppression of venereal diseases; and they hereby are created health officers of said city.

SECTION 5. The mayor and police officers and all health officers are authorized to detain persons for investigation for probable cause, and for sufficient cause they shall arrest and the city attorney shall prosecute, as hereinafter provided all persons who violate the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 6. Persons violating this ordinance shall be tried before a magistrate of the City of North Platte, Nebraska, who shall hear and determine all cases arising under this ordinance, under the laws and procedure applicable to misdemeanors.

SECTION 7. It shall be the duty of the city physician to examine physically all persons arrested or detained under the provisions of this ordinance, and to testify upon the hearing of such matters. In his absence or refusal to perform his duties, any health officer may select a competent physician in place of and to perform the duties of the city physician.

SECTION 8. It shall be the duty of the city physician to furnish medical aid and treatment to any and all persons who shall be sent to him or may apply to him for treatment for such disease or diseases under the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 9. Any person detained or arrested for violation of the provisions of this ordinance, who may not be financially able to pay for medical treatment shall make and deliver an affidavit to that effect to the magistrate, who shall determine the truth or falsity thereof and if satisfied of the truth of the affidavit, he shall notify the city physician, who shall furnish medical aid and treatment to such person for such disease or diseases free of charge to such persons and as part of his duties as city physician.

SECTION 10. Any person or persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) or may be imprisoned not exceeding three months for each offense, and shall pay costs of the action. Each and every exposure hereunder shall constitute a separate offense. Provided: that upon payment of costs by the defendant, the court may stay execution of the judgment and may parol the defendant to a competent physician or surgeon for treatment at defendant's expense, except as otherwise herein provided, for such disease or diseases. Said parol shall be only upon consent of the defendant in writing or in open court, after judgment is rendered; said parol shall be forfeited, and the judgment enforced upon failure by defendant to comply with and carry out the terms of the parol, which terms shall be consistent with and in fulfillment of the provisions of this ordinance.

SECTION 11. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force and effect from and after the date of the final passage. Passed May 18, 1920.

A. F. STREITZ, Mayor.
O. E. ELDER, Clerk.

NOTICE OF FORMATION OF PAYING DISTRICT NO. 3 IN THE CITY OF NORTH PLATTE.

To the owners of record title of all property adjacent to or abutting upon the streets hereinafter described and all persons interested therein:

You and each of you are hereby notified that the Mayor and Council of the city of North Platte did under date of April 20, 1920 pass and approve a certain ordinance forming and creating paying district number 3 of the city of North Platte, Lincoln County, Nebraska, and that the following streets including the intersections thereof within the limits of said city are comprised within said paying district to-wit: All that portion of Fourth Street of said City, commencing at the intersection of Fourth Street and Bryan Avenue in Riverside Addition to said City, thence west along said Fourth Street to and including Pine Street of said City, thence north along said Pine Street to the south line of Sixth Street of said City, as it intersects said Pine Street of said City.

Unless objections are filed thereto as required by Statute within twenty days from the first publication of this notice, the Mayor and Council shall proceed to construct such paving.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1920.

A. F. STREITZ, Mayor.
O. E. ELDER, City Clerk.
MT-3wks

Notice to Creditors.

Estate No. 1748 of Mary Hansen, deceased in the County Court of Lincoln County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska, ss: Creditors of said estate will take notice that the time limited for presentation and filing of claims against said Estate is September 4, 1920, and for settlement of said Estate is April 30, 1921; that I will sit at the county court room in said county on June 4, 1920, at 10 o'clock a. m., and on September 1, 1920, at 10 o'clock a. m., to receive, examine, hear, allow, or adjust all claims and objections duly filed.

WM. H. C. WOODHURST,
County Judge.

Notice to Non-Resident Defendant.

James N. Goff, defendant, will take notice that on the 11th day of February 1920, Margaret Goff, plaintiff, therein filed her petition in the District Court of Lincoln County, Nebraska, against the said James N. Goff, the defendant therein, the object and prayer of which are to obtain a divorce from the said defendant on the grounds of non-support, and willful desertion for more than two years immediately preceding the filing of her petition.

You are required to answer said petition on or before July 5th, 1920, or judgment will be taken as prayed.

MARGARET GOFF,
4-w By John Grant her Attorney.

DRS. STATES & STATES

Chiropractors

5, 6, 7 Building & Loan Building.
Office Phone 70. Res. Phone 1243

DR. HAROLD FENNER
Osteopath
Over Hirschfeld's
Office Phone 333 Res. Phone 1020

DERRYBERRY & FORBES.
Licensed Embalmers
Undertakers and Funeral Directors
Day phone 41
Night phone Black 588

Notice of Hearing on Final Account and Hearing on Petition for Distribution of Estate.

In the County Court of Lincoln county, Nebraska.

In the Matter of the Estate of C. A. Carpenter, Deceased.

State of Nebraska, Lincoln County, ss: To all persons interested in the Estate of C. A. Carpenter, Deceased.

You are hereby notified that on the 20th day of May, 1920, P. R. Halligan, administrator with will annexed, of the estate of C. A. Carpenter, deceased, filed in said court his final account as administrator, and his petition, the object and prayer of which are that a decree of distribution may be made of the residue of said estate, now in his possession, to the parties entitled by law to receive same. And that said final account and petition for distribution will be heard on the 16th day of June, 1920, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. at the county court room in the city of North Platte, in said county.

You are hereby cited to appear at the time and place above designated, and show cause, if such exist, why said account should not be allowed.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that said P. R. Halligan, administrator with will annexed, give notice to all persons interested in said estate, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Semi-Weekly Tribune, a newspaper printed and published in said county, for three successive weeks prior to the date set for said hearing. Dated this 20th day of May, 1920.

WILLIAM H. C. WOODHURST,
3-w County Judge.

Notice of Final Report.

Estate No. 1648, of Mary Evarts, deceased in the county court of Lincoln County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska, to all persons interested in said Estate take notice that the Administrator has filed a final account and report of his administration and a petition for final settlement and discharge as such, which have been set for hearing before said court on June 18, 1920, at 9 o'clock a. m. when you may appear and contest the same.

Dated May 18th, 1920.

WM. H. C. WOODHURST,
3-w County Judge.

Legal Notice.

H. H. Overbeck; Augustus Campi; P. L. Harper; Lot 8, Block 15, Original Town of Wallace Lincoln county Nebraska, and all persons claiming any interest of any kind in said real estate or any part thereof take notice that on the 21st day of May 1920, E. B. Spencer and E. R. Ferrell filed their petition in the district court of Lincoln County, Nebraska, against you and each of you, also against Lincoln Land Company, a corporation, in an action wherein the said E. B. Spencer and E. R. Ferrell are plaintiffs and you and each of you are defendants.

The object and prayer of plaintiff's petition is to quiet title in plaintiffs in and to Lot 8, Block 15, Original Town of Wallace, Nebraska, and to cut off and forever bar any right, title or interest of said defendants or any of them to said action in said real estate.

Plaintiff asks to have a mortgage cancelled upon the records executed by Maria L. Green and husband, which was filed of record August 21st, 1889 in Book 11 of Mortgages, Page 7 Mortgage Records of Lincoln County, Nebraska. Also to have a mortgage cancelled of record in the register of deeds office of Lincoln County, Nebraska, under date of November 1st, 1890 and recorded in Book 11, of mortgages, Page 179 thereof.

Plaintiffs allege that said mortgages have been wholly paid; that the same are barred by the Statutes of Limitations of the State of Nebraska. That plaintiff has been in the open, notorious, exclusive, continuous, adverse possession of said land for more than ten years before the bringing of this action and that the defendants and each of them to this action have no right, title, claim or demand of any description in and to said real estate and plaintiff asks to have his title quieted thereto and for such other and further relief as may be just and equitable.

You are further notified that unless you answer said petition on or before the 5th day of July, 1920, judgment will be taken against you by default.

E. B. SPENCER & E. R. FERRELL,
By Halligan, Beatty & Halligan,
m25-j18. Their Attorneys.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate No. 1748 of Mary Hansen, deceased in the County Court of Lincoln County, Nebraska.

The State of Nebraska, ss: Creditors of said estate will take notice that the time limited for presentation and filing of claims against said Estate is September 4, 1920, and for settlement of said Estate is April 30, 1921; that I will sit at the county court room in said county on June 4, 1920, at 10 o'clock a. m., and on September 1, 1920, at 10 o'clock a. m., to receive, examine, hear, allow, or adjust all claims and objections duly filed.

WM. H. C. WOODHURST,
County Judge.